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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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8	CECILIA WILSON, as guardian for R.W., a minor, KEVIN and CECILIA	CASE NO. 15-5863 RJB
9	WILSON, individually and as husband and wife, CANDACE DAWSON, a	ORDER ON DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR FED. R. CIV. P. 35
10	guardian for J.D., and CANDACE DAWSON, a guardian for J.D. and CANDACE DAWSON, individually; CANDI	EXAM
11	LANDIS, as guardian for A.L., a minor, BRANDON BASTIN, as guardian for	
12	J.M.B., a minor, TESSA GREEN, as guardian for W.L., a minor, JANE DOES	
13	1-10 and JOHN DOES 1-10,	
14	Plaintiffs,	
15	v.	
16	LONGVIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT, a municipal corporation; MINT VALLEY	
17	ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, a municipal corporation, JERRY STEIN, in his	
18	individual and official capacity, PATRICK KELLEY, in his individual	
19	and official capacity, SUZANNE	
20	CUSICK, in her individual and official capacity, NANCY BEAN, in her	
21	individual and official capacity; JANE DOES 1-10, and JOHN DOES 1-10,	
22	Defendants.	
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This matter comes before the Court on Defendants' Motion for Fed. R. Civ. P. 35 Exam.

Dkt. 33. The Court has considered the pleadings filed regarding the motion and the file herein.

I. <u>FACTS</u>

This case arises from Defendants' alleged use of an isolation room to discipline children attending Mint Valley Elementary School in Longview, Washington. Dkt. 22. In their Amended Complaint, filed June 29, 2016, Plaintiffs make claims for violations of their federal constitutional rights under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and for violations of their Washington state constitutional rights "to equal access to their education without unreasonable restraint and isolation," and for negligence, outrage and loss of consortium. *Id.* Plaintiffs assert that each of the children have suffered mental damage as a result. *Id.* The parties have exchanged discovery, including the children's mental health records.

On January 9, 2017, the Second Amended Minute Order Resetting Trial and Pretrial Dates was entered. Dkt. 28. This order set the expert witness disclosure deadline for June 7, 2017, the discovery deadline for August 6, 2017, the dispositive motions deadline for September 5, 2017, and trial was set to begin on December 4, 2017. *Id*.

On June 2, 2017, the Defendants' counsel notified the Plaintiffs' counsel that they intended to conduct Fed. R. Civ. P. 35 medical examinations of the children in an email which discussed several other discovery related issues. Dkt. 37, at 73. On June 6, 2017, Plaintiffs' counsel responded by email and made several inquires, including the nature of the Rule 35 examination, scope, and possible tests; counsel also discussed other discovery. Dkt. 37, at 71.

The next day, June 7, 2017, (which was also the expert witness disclosure deadline) the Defendants' counsel replied, indicating that their medical expert, Dr. Hower Kwon, was still

reviewing the medical files and that they couldn't offer specifics regarding the Rule 35 exams at 2 that time. Dkt. 37, at 70. (Defendants also sent Defendants' Expert Disclosure to Plaintiffs and 3 disclosed that Dr. Kwon would be conducting Rule 35 examinations of the children, would produce a report, and would testify. Dkt. 37, at 87). On June 8, 2017, Plaintiffs' counsel wrote 5 Defendants' counsel and asserted that the Plaintiffs' expert witness disclosures were inadequate. 6 Dkt. 37, at 74. 7 On June 12, 2017, Defendants' counsel responded, and asserted that Dr. Kwon's "reports 8 are not dependent on [Rule 35 medical examinations]," noted that Dr. Kwon's report indicates that he will supplement it, and estimated that the final supplement will be produced by the week of July 3, 2017. Dkt. 37, at 76. On July 5, 5017, Defendants' counsel emailed Plaintiffs' counsel 11 and notified him that Dr. Kwon will be producing his report that week, and there should be no prejudice because expert witness depositions were scheduled two months later. Dkt. 37, at 78. 13 He indicates further, that "Defendants will also disclose Dr. Kwon . . . as a rebuttal expert on July 7." Id. Defendants' counsel further writes "[r]egarding the Rule 35 examinations, we will 15 have to set a conference to discuss this issue in-depth." *Id.* 16 On July 5, 2017, Plaintiffs' counsel responded, and stated that a month has lapsed and 17 they still have not received any of the material required for Dr. Kwon. Dkt. 37, at 78. He asserted that they object to the use of Dr. Kwon as a witness. Id. Further, Plaintiffs' counsel 18 maintained that any "Rule 35 request for a medical examination of the children at this time is not 19 timely as its only relevance would derive from the testimony of Dr. Kwon." Id. Plaintiffs' 20

On July 25, 2017, the Court granted another stipulation to extend the discovery deadline to September 22, 2017 and the dispositive motions deadline to September 21, 2017. Dkt. 32.

counsel indicated that they will "be objecting to your [Rule 35 examination] requests." *Id.*

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On August 29, 2017, Defendants' counsel emailed Plaintiffs' counsel and stated:

On the subject of Dr. Kwon, we would like to request that the five student plaintiffs be made available for brief interviews with Dr. Kwon. These would probably last 45 minutes or so, and could take place during non-school hours or weekends in Longview and in Seattle for the Dawsons. This follows up on my requests from earlier in this case. I'm aware that [Plaintiffs' counsel] has objections based on the timing of Dr. Kwon's disclosure. I suggest we take up this topic during our meet and confer so we can raise the issue with the Court through a LCR 37 submission.

Dkt. 37, at 84. Plaintiffs' counsel responded on August 30, 2017 and objected to the Rule 35 examinations. Dkt. 37, at 82. He writes, "[w]hile you disclosed a 'rebuttal' report from Dr. Kwon on July 7, 2017, you still have not filed the required motion for a FRCP 35 examination with the court." *Id.* The Plaintiffs' counsel states that they believed that any such motion was untimely. *Id.* He further writes, "[t]here is no outstanding order from the court authorizing a FRCP 35 exam and there is not outstanding discovery request by you that would warrant such a motion." *Id.*

The next day, Defendants' counsel wrote Plaintiffs' counsel and stated that he would not insist they discuss the Rule 35 examinations anymore and will proceed with a motion. Dkt. 37, at 80.

On August 31, 2017, Defendants moved for an order compelling the children to submit to a Fed. R. Civ. P. 35 medical examination. Dkt. 33. Plaintiffs oppose the motion, asserting that it is untimely. Dkt. 35. For the reasons provided below, the motion (Dkt. 33) should be granted.

II. <u>DISCUSSION</u>

Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 (b)(1): "[u]nless otherwise limited by court order, the scope of discovery is as follows: Parties may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claim or defense . . . " Fed. R. Civ. P. 35 (a)(1) provides: "[t]he court where the action is pending may order a party whose mental or physical condition--including

1	blood groupis in controversy to submit to a physical or mental examination by a suitably	
2	licensed or certified examiner." Rule 35 (a)(2) further provides that the order "(A) may be made	
3	only on motion for good cause and on notice to all parties and the person to be examined; and	
4	(B) must specify the time, place, manner, conditions, and scope of the examination, as well as	
5	the person or persons who will perform it."	
6	Plaintiffs have asserted that the children were emotionally and mentally damaged as a result	
7	of Defendants' actions. Accordingly, they have put the children's mental health at issue.	
8	Defendants have shown good cause for an order requiring the children to submit to a Rule 35	
9	examination. The Plaintiffs contention that the motion is not timely is not well taken. The	
10	Plaintiffs have known since June 2, 2017 that Defendants intended for Dr. Kwon to examine the	
11	children and Defendants have been diligent in attempting to work out a solution that is	
12	acceptable for everyone. The Plaintiffs failure to cooperate with Defendants was unnecessary,	
13	particularly after they put the children's mental health at issue.	
14	Defendants' motion (Dkt. 33) should be granted. The Rule 35 examination, to be conducted	
15	by Dr. Hower Kwon. The examination should last around 45 minutes per child and include a	
16	personal interview of each child. The parties should work together to come up with a time and	
17	place for each examination, preferably outside school hours. The parties are further encouraged	
18	to work together to resolve any other issues (manner or conditions) that arise in connection with	
19	these examinations. The discovery deadline should be extended only for these examinations to	
20	take place.	
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